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Research Article

# Hierarchy of Words, Group of Words and Statements

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Abstract: We must qualify each statement that comes out a person's mouth. It was said that \*Corresponding Author: Ismael Tabuñar Fortunado

what makes a person unclean is not what comes into a person's mouth but what comes out. This is an initial organization to what language and generally what statements are all about. Addition and revision to the hierarchy is highly welcomed. Hierarchy is there for us to

Received: 21.01.2021 understand and know places what the group has to be described. **Accepted:** 08.02.2021

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#### INTRODUCTION

**Article History** 

Letters are added together to form a word. Then, to a phrase. Then, to a sentence. Then, to a paragraph. Then, to paragraphs and finally, to a statement.

Communication is one of the 14 physical needs of man [1]. We have 8 parts of speech and the articles. Noun is defined as a name of person, life, place, thing, event, idea or a group [2]. As there are literal meanings, we also observe figurative meaning.

A written language may be affected by the pronunciation or how a person speaks and also by body language [3].

A statement has a particular motive or intention [4]. Semantics is the study of the relationship between words and how we draw meaning from those words. People can absolutely interpret words differently and draw different meanings from them. Some examples of semantics will help you see the many meanings of English words [5]. Background of the speaker must be also put into consideration.

# **METHODOLOGY**

A hierarchy is presented. First, we show hierarchy of needs. Second, we show factors for a poor or bad society. Then, we gather important definitions, details and their implications about words and statements.

Table-1: Hierarchy of Needs [1]

| Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs | Fortunado's Hierarchy of Needs (edited) |  |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Self-actualization          | Spiritual                               |  |
|                             | Intellectual                            |  |
|                             | Cultural                                |  |
| Esteem                      | Emotional                               |  |
| Love and Belongingness      | Social                                  |  |
|                             | Environmental                           |  |
| Safety and Security         | Occupational                            |  |
| Physiological               | Physical                                |  |

Note: Need could immediate, temporal, short term, mid-level and long term.

Table-2: Determinants of a Poor Society [1]

| 1 High         | 2 High         | 3 Low Education     | 4 Dissatisfaction | 5              | 6 Unjustified |
|----------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Morbidity Rate | Mortality Rate | Rate                | to products       | Unemployment   | crime rate    |
| -              |                |                     | and/or services   |                |               |
| 7. Low quality | 8. Poor        | 9. Pollutions and   | 10. Bad Debts     | 11. Increasing | 12. Poor      |
| transportation | Workplace and  | Unsustainability of |                   | inflation rate | weather       |
| and its        | Habitation     | Natural resources   |                   |                | systems and   |
| facilities     |                |                     |                   |                | technology    |

**Note:** There is collectivism and individualism. Giving importance to oneself, group and future generation is highly regarded.

# Definition, Analysis and Implication of Words and Statements

### **Improvement**

Truths – these are realized and unrealized words or statements. (Highly or Spiritual)

Facts – these are historical or measurable quantities and description or definition. (Scientific or Intellectual)

Sayings – it may be a quote, proverb, line, moral, verse or simply a saying. (Devotional or Cultural)

# Development

Theories – these are hypotheses important or not important. (Scientific, Artistic or Philosophical)

Conclusions – these are theories that may be correct in a particular time. (Logical or Radical) Background – these are describable or indescribable in a particular time. (Uniqueness or Oneness)

# Persuasion

Challenges – this promotes healthy competition and unity. (Leadership, Unity and Responsibility)

Jokes – this brings laughter and good mood. (Equality and Truthfulness)

Opinions – an opinion may question a fact. (Humanness and Openness)

Curses – this is emotion put into words. (Emotional)

## **Imperfection**

Misinterpretation – wrong interpretation may be due to hearsays or lack of research. (Deliberate or Undeliberate, Consciuos or Subconscious)

Error - this is intended to be corrected by a second party, third party or people in general. (Presentation)

Glitches – this is about machines or computer as an example for a word could be transmitted through mediums. (Unsuccessful Delivery)

## **Exploitation**

Lies – Each has to defend why one has to do it and face its consequences.

Mispresentation – Cutting or prolonging one has to say whenever he can.

False promises – Reaching out not based on capabilities and values.

Bad words and values – these are words observed by uncivilized.

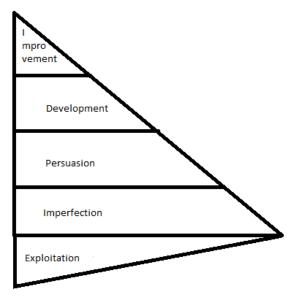


Fig-1: Hierarchy of Words

# Notes:

- 1. Exploitation is bad and connoted as having a negative meaning. The lowest triangle.
- 2. We must perform well and help each other through understanding. Imperfection is the closest to exploitation.
- 3. We must choose wisely and give to those who greatly need and deserving. Persuasion is knowing and caring for thyself and others.
- 4. Development is the ins and outs of this world. We must carefully obey and examine each situation given to us.
- 5. Improvement is for us. We must realize this before it is too late.
- 6. The figure and categorization could be developed. Each may fall into a category one has earned and deserved. We must abhor the bad actions not the person, each has a capacity to change.

7. Hierarchy of the subcategories are developed also stating first the most important or highest to the lowest. Correction is also welcomed.

#### **RESULTS**

There is novelty, structure, coherence and importance to our words and statements. A man must stay true to his words. These are the four factors which makes the hierarchy of words and statements. Novelty shows our ingenuity and also the ingenuity of others and plagiarism plays an important part of success and giving. Structure indicates that we follow rules and order. Coherence is the unity of words and statements; some are stand alone. Importance is the timing and deep realization of utterance or conception and writing of a word or statement.

# **DISCUSSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 1. Each has different meaning and interpretations. Cultural and Demographic differences are suggested studies.
- 2. Models and studies of Psychology, Social Science, Political Science, Economics, Philosophy and other related fields are to be expected concerning the topic.
- 3. If we want to go fast, travel alone; if we want to go far, travel together. a famous quote. Cooperation through communication is highly regarded.
- Implications of upbringing are to be considered. Conversion and forgiveness are to be upheld.

- 5. Diversity, deep knowledge and proper functioning of human communication and communication are to be nourished.
- Neutral words are a proposed topic of the author.

#### CONCLUSION

As discussed, there are symbols, words, statements and many statements such as a novel. A wise man hears a word and understands ten is a Japanese proverb. A wise man hears one word and understands two is a Yiddish Proverb. There is meaning in every word. We must be careful to our words, thoughts and actions. In addition, we must be careful of our dreams. This paper is a proposed hierarchy that could help in our existence and understanding of people among others.

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